Status Report

Lower East Coast Aquifer Systems and Water Conservation Areas



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Lower East Coast Water Supply

- Local Groundwater Systems
 - Primary water supply source
 - Groundwater levels typically below normal
- Water Conservation Areas
 - Secondary water supply source
 - WCA-1 Palm Beach County, Northern Broward County - below environmental floor
 - WCA-2A Broward County below environmental floor
 - WCA-3 Dade County slightly above environmental floor

Lower East Coast Water Supply (Continued)

- Lake Okeechobee
 - Backup water supply source
 - Lowest stage on record for this date 10.2 feet
 - 1 million acre feet of additional water made available
 - Emergency pumps required at elevation 10.0 feet

Potential Effects of Drought Conditions

- Saltwater intrusion at coastal wellfields
- Lower lake and canal elevations
- Muck fires in Everglades, wildfires along coast
- Lower crop yields by agriculture
- Navigational constraints
- Commercial & recreational fishing impacts
- Environmental impacts
- Economic impacts

Real Time Management of LEC Aquifer Systems

Objective: To manage and account for all water uses of the system, assuring the most efficient use of dwindling regional water supplies

- Weekly drought update meetings and hotline for affected users
- Jointly refine drought management plan
 - Additional water conservation both urban and agriculture
 - Expand comprehensive monitoring and operational plan

Real Time Management of LEC Aquifer Systems (Continued)

- Modify operations to prop up groundwater elevation to east near wellfields
- Saltwater intrusion, lake and canal elevation real time data base
- Possible deviations to Water Conservation Area floor elevations
 - Consider shared adversity
 - Corps of Engineers has lead in addressing endangered species act
 - District documenting existing environmental conditions
 - District will provide Corps of Engineers a refined drought management plan

Factors Considered in Determining Serious Harm to the Water Resources

- Potential for increased saltwater intrusion or other groundwater contamination
- Potential for irreversible, adverse impacts on fish and wildlife
- Other factors adversely impacting the water resources

Water Restriction Discussion



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Phase 2 Pumpage Reduction for Month of February 2001

- Phase 2
 - Goal 30% reduction
- District Wide reduction approximately 10%

– Palm Beach9%

- Broward 13%

– Miami-Dade6%

Lee 10%

- Collier 14%

Comparison of Water Restrictions Phase 2 and 3

- Major Difference:
 - -Phase 2: Increased inconvenience
 - Goal 30% reduction
 - -Phase 3: Economic hardships
 - Goal 45% reduction

Phase 2 and Phase 3 Residential

- Residential irrigation and related outdoor water use restricted from 2 days a week to 1 day a week
 - Hours reduced from 8 hours/week to 3 hours/week
 - Odd addresses: Saturday, 4 to 7 a.m.
 - Even addresses: Sunday, 4 to 7 a.m.
- Fountains and water falls are prohibited
- New landscaping reduced from 4 days a week to 3 days with reduced hours

Phase 2 and Phase 3 Residential (continued)

- Car / boat washing limited to one day a week
 4 7 a.m., and 5 7 p.m., on watering days
 - Hours reduced from 8 hours/week to 3 hours/week
 - Hand watering 5 7 p.m. on watering days per address

Phase 2 and Phase 3 Agriculture

 Hours of irrigation reduced for nurseries and some agricultural uses

Agriculture

 overhead irrigation reduced from 20 hours a day to 12 hours a day (7 p.m. to 7 a.m.)

Nurseries

- Inside overhead irrigation: from daily to only odd number days
- Outside overhead irrigation: reduce from 12 hours to 7 hours, every other day
- flood irrigation reduced from 6 to 4 days a month

Phase 2 and Phase 3 Commercial

- Operating hours reduced for commercial car washes and other equipment washing
 - Operating hours reduced form 24 hours to 7 hours (8 a.m. - 3 p.m.)
- Pressure cleaning reduced from 7 to 5 days a week (Monday-Friday) - Voluntary

Phase 2 and Phase 3 Commercial

- Hours of irrigation reduced for golf courses from 2 days to 1 day per week
 - Hours reduced from 16 to 7 hours per week
 - Front nine Saturday only
 - Back nine Sunday only
- All fountains and waterfalls must be turned off (including indoors)

Potential Economic Impact of Phase 3 Restrictions

- Lawns Individual Homeowners
- Landscaping HOA, Commercial, Residential
- Commercial Car Washes
- Landscape Maintenance & Installation Business
- Landscape Architects
- Golf Course/Turf Grass
- Construction Certificate of Occupancy Delays

Water Shortage Management Options

- Remain at Phase 2 restrictions
 - Increase public education
 - Increase District and local enforcement
- Declare Phase 3 restrictions
 - All use class affected
 - Significant economic impacts likely
- Declare modified Phase 3 restrictions
 - Target specific user groups
 - Significant economic impacts to selective users

Water Shortage Management Options (continued)

- Remain at Phase 2; Phase 3 implemented at subregional level as required
 - Target specific problem areas
 - -Inefficient uses
 - -Direct withdrawals from WCA's
 - -Salt water intrusion
 - Limit economic losses to subregional level
 - Manages "serious harm" to the water resources at local level